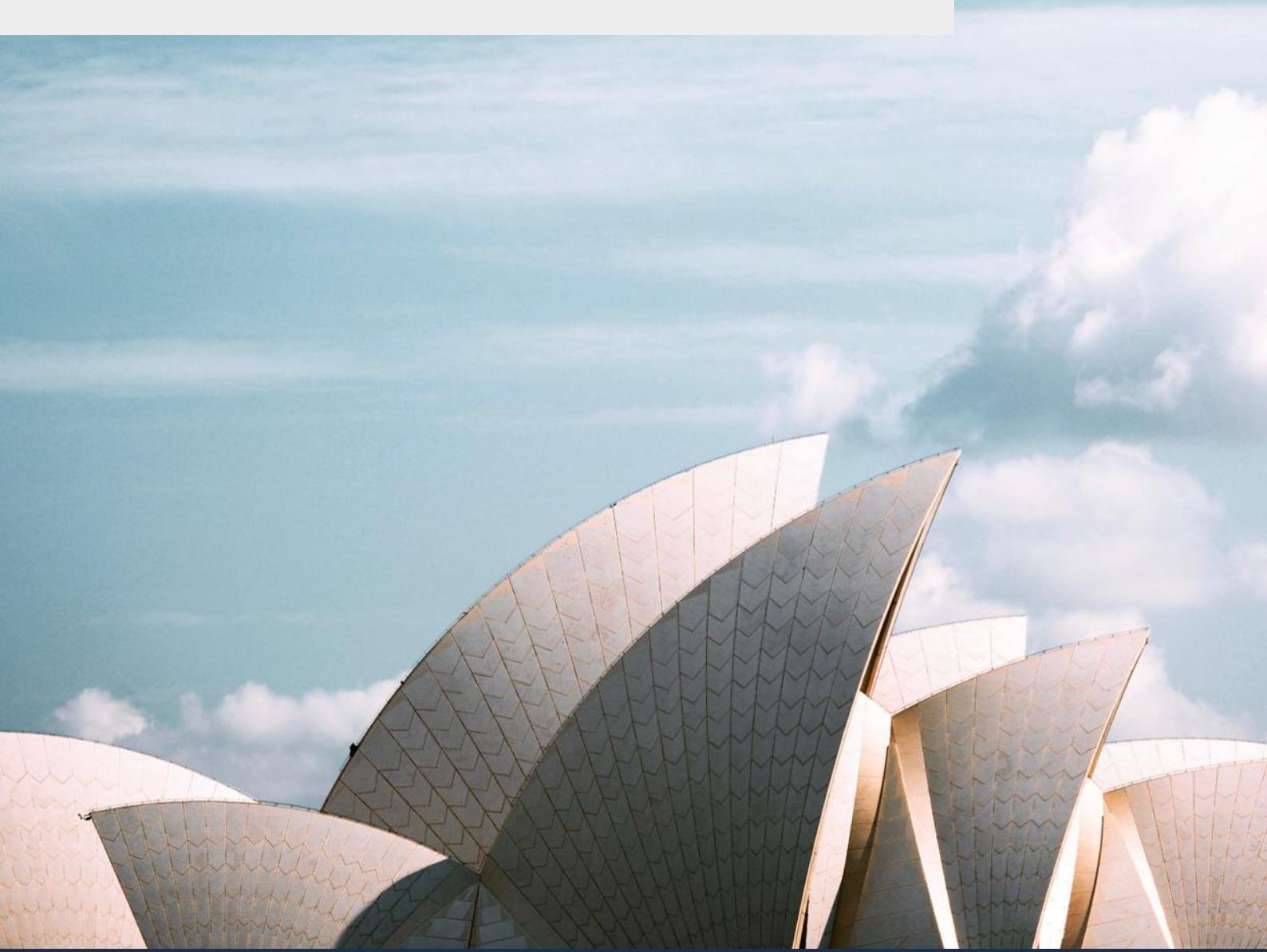




Business Climate Survey Australia



Business Climate Survey for Swedish companies in Australia 2026

A report from Team Sweden in Australia

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47 respondents

(total +2,250 respondents for 41 markets)

Current business climate

Positive view on the current business climate on the rise

Industry turnover

74%

of Swedish companies expect their industry turnover to increase

Future investments

53%

of Swedish companies plan to increase their investments slightly or significantly in the next 12 months

Valued success factors

1. Partnerships/local relationships
2. Brand awareness
3. Collaboration with clients

The Swedish Brand

87%

of Swedish companies in Australia consider the Swedish brand beneficial for business

Local conditions with high satisfaction

1. Personal safety
2. Financial system
3. Supplier reliability

Local conditions with least satisfaction

1. Corporate taxation
2. Labour market regulation
3. Licenses, permits and approvals

Environmental considerations

51%

of respondents believe the environment is a considerable factor in their customers' purchasing decisions

Corruption

– Perceived corruption in Australia remains **very low**

Human rights violation and labour rights abuse

– **Very low** risk of encountering human rights violations and/or labour rights abuses in Australia

Foreword

Welcome to the second edition of the Business Climate Survey for Swedish companies in Australia. Conducted under the umbrella of the Global Business Climate Survey, the initiative now spans more than 40 markets worldwide. In Australia, the survey is delivered by Team Sweden, a joint effort of Business Sweden, the Embassy of Sweden, and the Swedish Australian Chamber of Commerce. The survey provides a clear, structured assessment of how the Swedish business community is performing in the Australian market.

At the domestic level, Australia enters mid-2026 as a market of growing importance for Swedish enterprise. More than 150 Swedish-affiliated companies currently operate in Australia, reflecting a well-established commercial presence. Bilateral trade between Sweden and Australia exceeds AUD 4 billion annually across goods and services, positioning Australia as Sweden's fifth-largest export market in Asia-Pacific. The conclusion of the EU–Australia FTA on 24 March 2026, following eight years of negotiations and pending ratification, constitutes the most significant improvement in the bilateral commercial framework in a generation and is expected to improve market access and investment conditions once in force.

At the global level, the 2026 survey was conducted in a more demanding macroeconomic environment. Rising global fuel prices have highlighted Australia's dependence on imported refined fuels despite its status as a net energy exporter, sharpening policy attention on resilience, supply chain security and trade diversification. These pressures have accelerated an ongoing geopolitical shift, driven in part by rising protectionism abroad – particularly in the United States – and reinforced by Australia's efforts to broaden its trade network. Since 2020, Canberra has concluded agreements with India, Indonesia, the United Arab Emirates, Hong Kong and Peru, joined major regional frameworks such as the Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership and Pacific Plus and finalised a long-anticipated FTA with the European Union. The EU agreement brings Australia's total number of FTAs to 20 since its first with New Zealand in 1983, while further expanding the EU's global network of around 40 trade agreements.

Against this backdrop, the survey shows a Swedish business community that remains profitable and increasingly confident to invest and is well positioned to support and benefit from Australia's transition towards a more electrified and diversified economy.

The Business Climate Survey continues to play a vital role in translating the collective experience of Swedish companies into informed and effective engagement. It supports Team Sweden in identifying priority areas, common challenges, and advocacy needs affecting Swedish companies in the market. Team Sweden in Australia extends its sincere appreciation to all participating companies for their valuable contributions, which form the foundation of this collective work.



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Executive summary

The 2026 Business Climate Survey, based on responses from 47 Swedish companies operating in Australia, presents a business community that remains financially strong, increasingly confident about future opportunities, and willing to deepen its commitment to the market. A clear majority report profitable operations, alongside expectations of rising industry turnover and sustained performance in the year ahead. In a regional context, Australia continues to rank among the stronger Asia-Pacific markets for Swedish companies.

Australia's role as a stable and strategically important market sustains this positive outlook. While economic growth is more moderate than in several higher-growth Asian economies, Australia offers a distinctive combination of scale, purchasing power, predictability and institutional quality. Its stable growth trajectory, high GDP per capita, and open, rules-based economy make it an attractive operating environment relative to both advanced economy peers and emerging markets in the region. For many Swedish companies, Australia represents a substantial share of regional revenues and serves as a core base for Asia-Pacific operations, long-term customer relationships, and innovation trials.

Confidence is also reflected in investment intentions. More than half of the surveyed companies plan to increase investments over the next 12 months, signalling a shift from consolidation to expansion. At the same time, respondents highlight a more cautious operating environment, driven by cost pressures, tighter financing conditions, and greater uncertainty around input costs. These factors are prompting some customers to delay or restructure capital investments, despite underlying demand – particularly in mining, infrastructure, construction, and industrial services – remaining intact.

Furthermore, survey results confirm that success in Australia is closely linked to local presence, customer proximity and strong relationships. Partnerships, brand awareness, and close collaboration with clients are identified as key competitiveness factors. In this context, the Swedish brand remains a clear asset, particularly where it reinforces strengths such as sustainability, quality, and innovation.

Australia is widely perceived as a low-risk, transparent market, with high satisfaction regarding personal safety, the financial system, and supplier reliability. However, regulatory and administrative complexity remains a key challenge, particularly in areas such as corporate taxation, labour market regulation, licensing, and state-based regulatory differences. These frictions do not typically prevent market access but can increase the cost and complexity of scaling operations, especially for smaller companies and new entrants. Sustainability is increasingly an embedded expectation, particularly in larger tenders, but typically complements rather than outweighs other considerations such as cost, performance, and delivery reliability.

Overall, the survey indicates that Swedish companies continue to regard Australia as a stable, predictable, and opportunity-rich market. While higher costs and increased uncertainty are shaping day-to-day decisions, they have not undermined long-term engagement. Australia remains a priority market for Swedish companies seeking durable returns and a strong foothold in the Asia-Pacific region.

About the survey

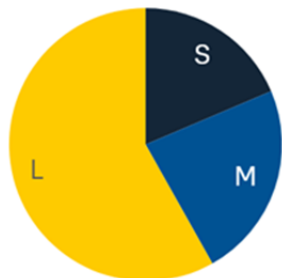
Survey respondents mainly represent large companies with a long-term presence in Australia.

The Business Climate Survey is a global initiative by Team Sweden and serves as an important tool for capturing insights from Swedish companies on the business environment across markets. Drawing on the experience of Swedish enterprises with an established local presence, the survey assesses the market conditions, opportunities, and challenges. Australia has been part of the global Business Climate Survey since 2025.

The 2026 survey was conducted by Team Sweden in Australia between February and March 2026, with 47 responses collected through the joint efforts of Business Sweden, the Embassy of Sweden in Australia, and the Swedish Australian Chamber of Commerce.

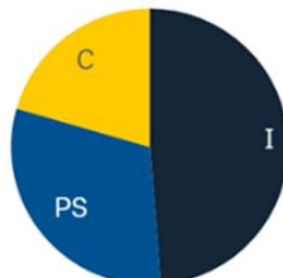
Swedish companies operating in Australia are predominantly larger enterprises, with more than 1,000 global employees. Small and medium-sized companies together account for around 40 per cent of respondents, with each segment representing approximately 20 per cent. This distribution reflects Australia's geographic distance from Sweden and its role as a strategic export market, often prioritised after Europe, the US, and Asia. At the same time, several smaller companies have entered the Australian market early in their international expansion, identifying stronger synergies here than in some European or neighbouring markets.

Size of companies



NOTE: Global employees. Large >1,000. Medium 250–1,000. Small 0–249.

Main industry

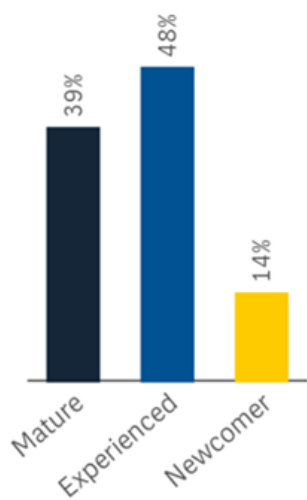


NOTE: Industrial 49%. Professional services 31%. Consumer 21%.

Survey respondents are predominantly active in the industrial segment, reflecting the central role of resources, infrastructure, and construction in the Australian economy. As a resource-rich country with a relatively limited domestic manufacturing base, Australia relies structurally on imports of machinery, equipment, and advanced industrial technologies. In this context, Swedish companies are well-positioned, with their solutions widely recognised for quality, reliability, and technological sophistication. This is particularly evident in the mining sector, where Australia operates at a global scale and at a high level of technological maturity, alongside a strong and growing emphasis on sustainability, safety, and operational efficiency – areas that closely align with Swedish strengths and innovation capabilities.

The survey also shows that Swedish companies in Australia are predominantly long-established, with a clear majority having operated in the market for many years. This points to a deep and embedded business presence, characterised by long-term commitment rather than short-term or trend-driven entry. The relatively high share of mature companies reflects Australia's industrial structure, which favours suppliers with proven track records, local presence, and the ability to support capital-intensive, long-cycle industries. At the same time, the smaller share of newcomers indicates that, while market entry continues, growth is increasingly driven by established players building on existing relationships and capabilities.

Age of companies



NOTE: Mature (<2004). Experienced (2003-2020). Newcomer (2021-).

Economic outlook

Australia combines stable growth with strong underlying market fundamentals

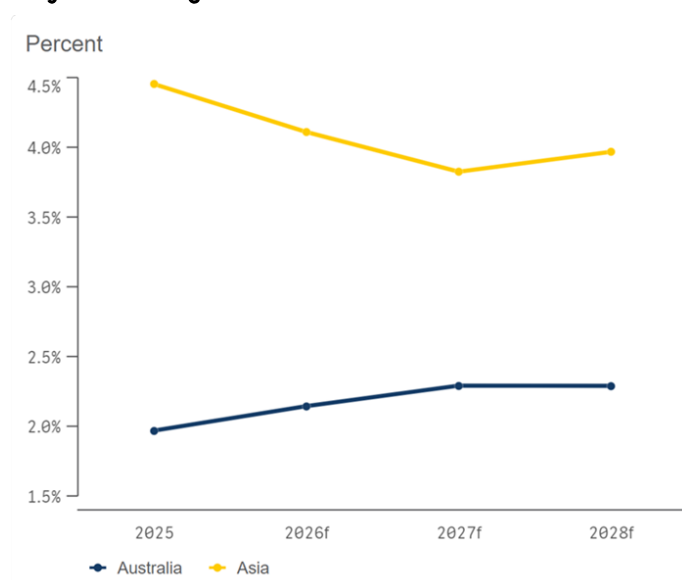
Australia's macroeconomic outlook is characterised by moderate but steady growth. GDP is projected to increase from around 2.0 per cent in 2025 to approximately 2.3 per cent by 2027, according to OECD projections. While short-term forecasts remain exposed to global uncertainty, Australia's growth trajectory is comparatively predictable. Growth across Asia continues to exceed Australia's, but is moderating, reinforcing Australia's position as a lower-volatility market within the Asia-Pacific region.

Beyond headline growth, Australia benefits from high GDP per capita, strong purchasing power, and a sizeable domestic economy, ranking among the world's 15 largest by nominal GDP. While growth rates are lower than in many emerging Asian economies, Australia offers greater stability, predictability, and commercial accessibility.

Australia's external position supports this narrative. The economy is open and rules-based, with strong exposure to trade. Services account for more than two-thirds of GDP, while industry represents just under 30 per cent. Natural resources remain central, contributing close to 10 per cent of GDP and over 60 per cent of total export earnings, anchoring Australia's position as one of the world's leading mining nations.

Australia's trade profile is closely aligned with the Asia-Pacific region. China remains its largest two-way trading partner, followed by Japan and the EU. The EU is also Australia's second-largest source of both imports and foreign direct investment (FDI). In this context, the conclusion of the EU–Australia FTA on 24 March 2026 marks a significant step in deepening bilateral trade ties. Once in force, the agreement is expected to eliminate over 99 per cent of tariffs, reduce trade costs, and improve market access. The EU–Australia FTA is expected to be the fourth-largest FTA concluded by the EU, after those with the UK, Mercosur and India, with EU goods exports projected to grow by up to 33 per cent and annual duty savings for European businesses estimated at around EUR 1 billion.

Projected GDP growth in Australia



NOTE: Constant prices.

SOURCE: Oxford Economics, GDP, constant prices and exchange rate, US\$. Last update: 20 March 2026.

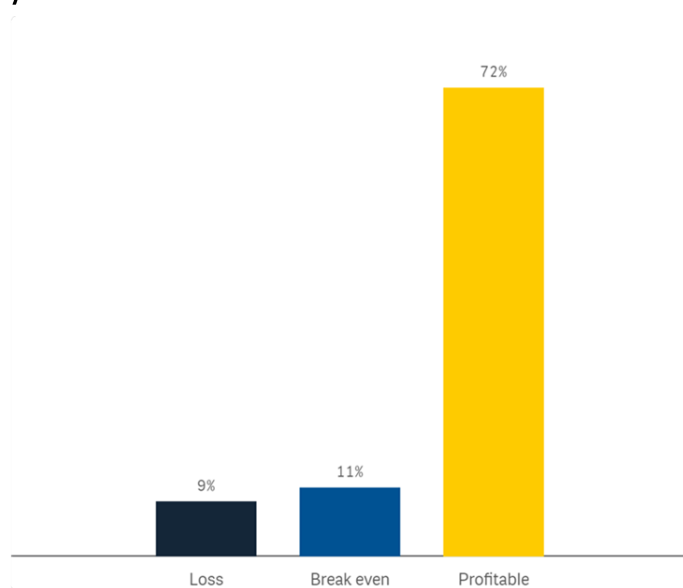
Strong profitability levels sustained among Swedish companies in Australia

A clear majority of Swedish companies in Australia report profitable financial performance over the past year, with 72 per cent of respondents reporting positive results. By comparison, 11 per cent report breaking even, while a relatively small share, 9 per cent, report losses. These figures highlight the continued strength and resilience of the Australian market for Swedish firms.

In a regional context, Australia stands out as one of the stronger-performing markets in APAC. With 72 per cent of companies reporting profitability, it ranks above most comparable markets such as Singapore (70 per cent) and Japan (69 per cent), and well above markets like Thailand (56 per cent) and Hong Kong (57 per cent). This suggests that Australia continues to offer favourable conditions for Swedish companies relative to other markets in the region.

This strong performance is reinforced by positive expectations for future industry turnover. A growing share of respondents anticipates increased turnover over the coming 12 months, rising from 70 per cent in 2025 to 74 per cent in 2026. At the same time, the proportion expecting a decline has decreased from 15 per cent to 11 per cent, indicating reduced downside concerns. This suggests that the strong profitability observed in the past year is not only sustained but also expected to continue, supported by favourable market conditions and a steady demand outlook.

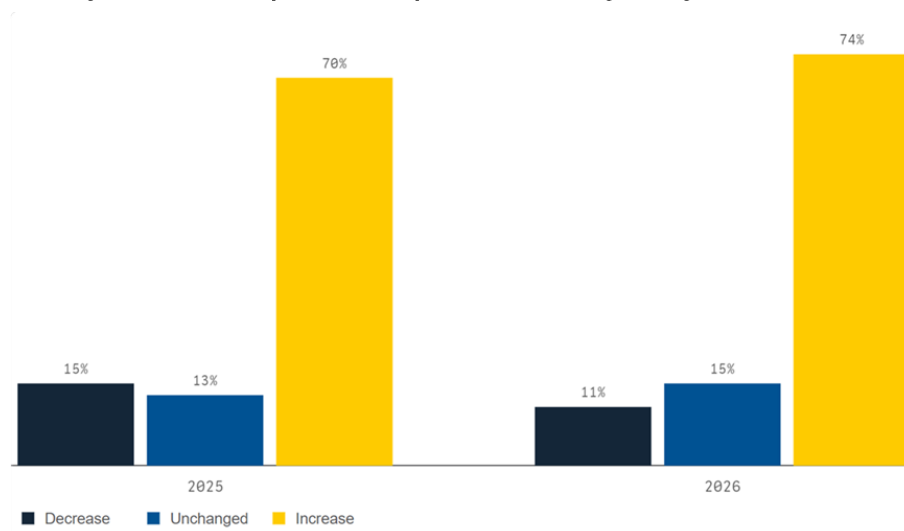
How would you describe your company's financial performance in Australia in the past year?



NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 47. "Don't know/Not applicable" responses are included but not shown in figure.

SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

Compared to the development in the past 12 months, what are your expectations for the coming 12 months for your industry in Australia regarding turnover?

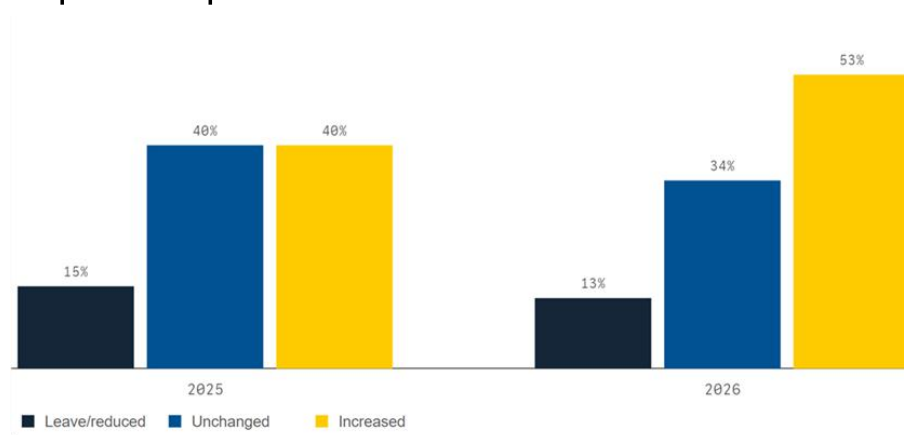


NOTE: Reduced and increased represent aggregations of slight/significant development changes.
SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2025 and 2026

Swedish companies show confidence through increased investment and market share ambitions

Swedish companies' confidence in the Australian market is reflected in their investment plans. More than half of respondents (53 per cent) plan to increase investments in Australia over the coming 12 months, up from 40 per cent in 2025. At the same time, the share expecting to keep investments unchanged has declined from 40 per cent to 34 per cent, while only 13 per cent plan to reduce investment levels. This indicates a clear shift from maintaining current operations toward more active expansion.

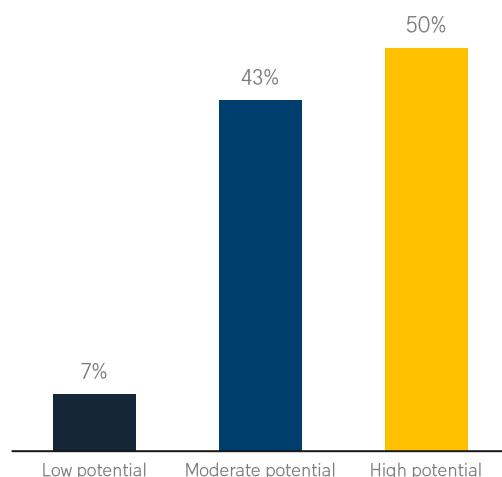
What are your company's investment plans for the coming 12 months in Australia, compared to the past 12 months?



NOTE: Reduced and increased represent aggregations of slight/significant development changes.
SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2025 and 2026

This positive outlook is further supported by companies' expectations for market share growth. Half of respondents see high potential to increase their market share in Australia over the next 12 months, while a further 43 per cent see moderate potential. Only 7 per cent report low potential. Together, these results suggest that Swedish companies not only perform well in Australia but also see clear opportunities to expand and strengthen their market position.

What is the potential for your company to increase its market share in Australia over the next 12 months?



NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 46.
SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

While the overall outlook remains positive, survey responses point to a more cautious operating environment compared to last year. Several companies highlight ongoing cost pressures, tighter financing conditions from customers, and increased uncertainty around input costs, including labour, energy, and logistics. As a result, some customers are delaying or scaling down capital investments, prioritising cash preservation and lower-commitment solutions.

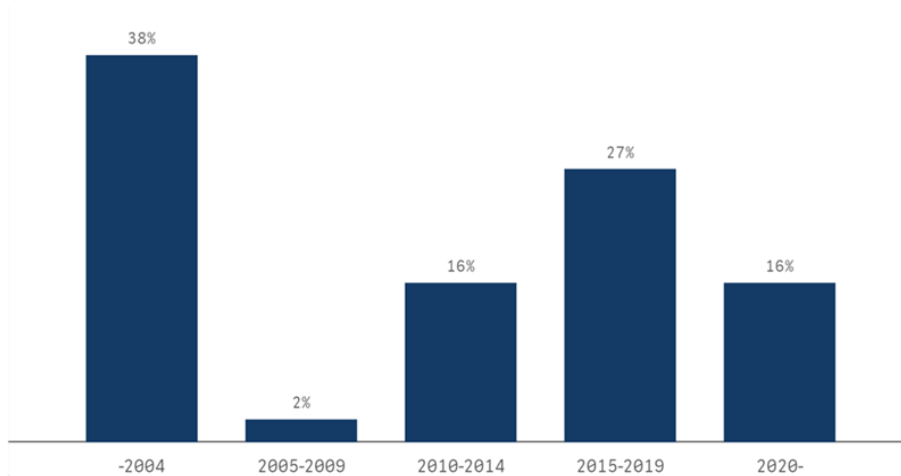
At the same time, respondents emphasise that greater predictability in regulation, financing conditions, and project pipelines would further strengthen business confidence. This suggests that while Australia continues to offer a stable and attractive market, short-term volatility and cost pressures are influencing investment behaviour and operational decision-making.

The market

An established industrial footprint with continued new entry

Survey results underline that Swedish companies operating in Australia are predominantly long-established industrial players with relatively lean local organisations. This reflects the structure of the Australian economy, where demand is driven by capital-intensive sectors such as mining, infrastructure, energy, and construction, rather than labour-intensive manufacturing. The majority has been established in Australia for more than 20 years. At the same time, the presence of newer entrants, including around 27 per cent established between 2015 and 2019, indicates that Australia remains accessible for Swedish companies.

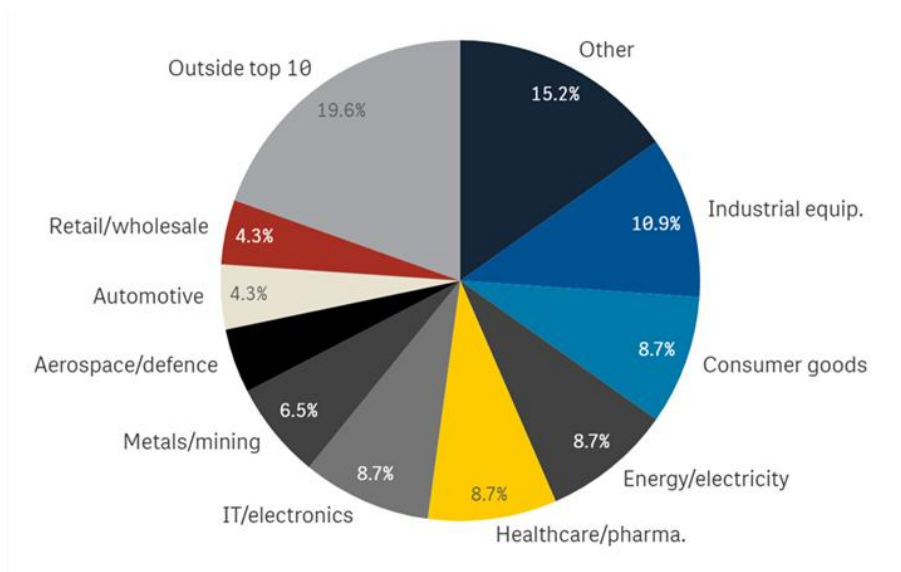
In what year did your company establish operations in Australia?



NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 45. "Don't know/Not applicable" responses are included but not shown in figure.

SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

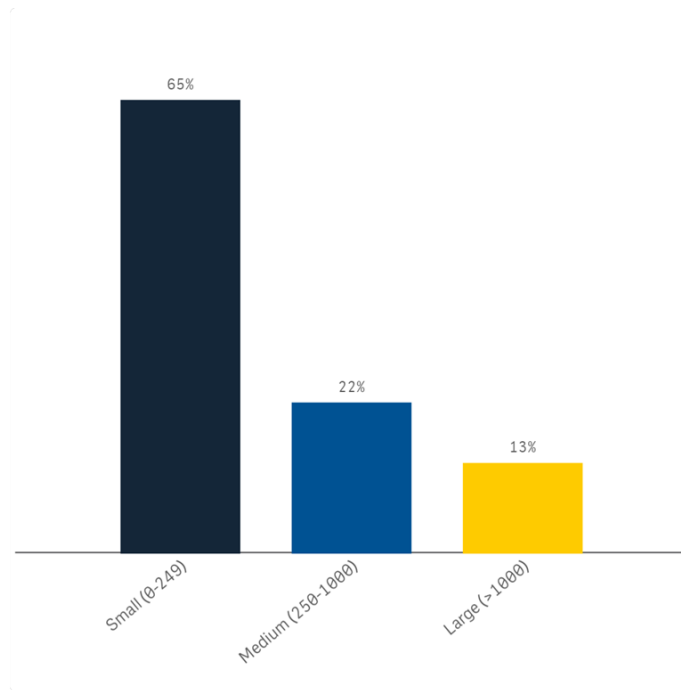
What is your company's main industry in Australia?



NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 46.

SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

Swedish firms' local number of employees in Australia in 2026



NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 46. "Don't know/Not applicable" responses are included but not shown in figure.
SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

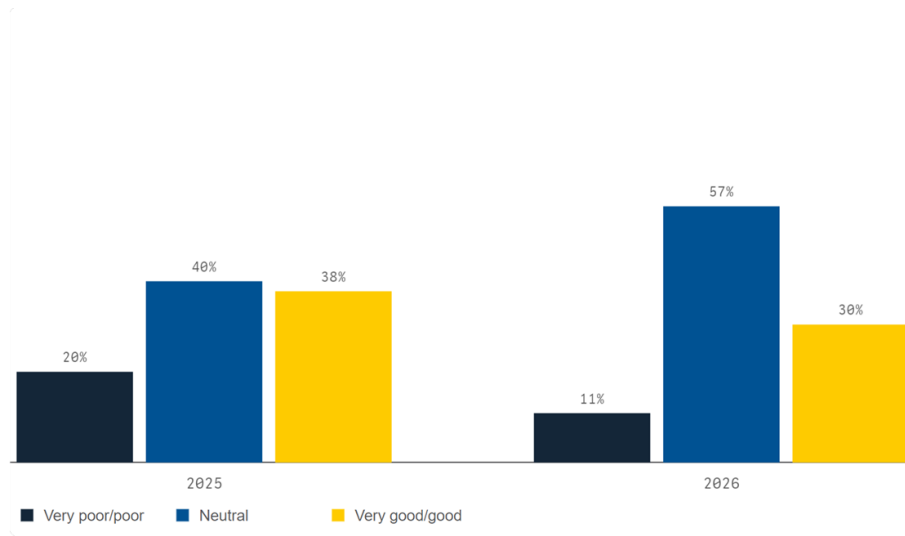
Business climate perception improves despite structural frictions

Swedish companies' perceptions of the business climate in Australia have improved in aggregate, with fewer respondents rating conditions as very poor or poor, while neutral responses increased significantly. This reflects a more cautious business climate, shaped by global uncertainty and rising local cost pressures.

This caution is reflected in qualitative responses, which highlight volatility rather than weak demand as the primary constraint. Several companies note that customer appetite for productivity- and safety-enhancing equipment remains strong, particularly in construction, mining, and industrial services. However, higher interest rates, more conservative lending practices, and uncertainty around input costs are prompting customers to delay, scale back, or restructure capital expenditure, often shifting towards rental models, staged investments, or lower-commitment commercial models. Labour shortages, wage pressures, energy prices, freight costs, and foreign-exchange movements further increase the perceived risks of large investments.

Across sectors, respondents describe a market that remains resilient but increasingly selective. In healthcare, cost pressures and uncertain funding conditions are delaying non-critical procurement and investment decisions, while in consumer-facing segments, cost-of-living pressures are intensifying price competition, particularly from lower-cost Asian suppliers. Companies in more mature or regulated sectors also highlight structural barriers, complex procurement processes, and limited scope for rapid change. Taken together, Swedish companies continue to view Australia as a stable and attractive long-term market, but one where confidence is closely linked to predictability – including clearer investment pipelines, more consistent regulatory and procurement frameworks, and financial mechanisms that support long-term investment during periods of heightened uncertainty.

How do you perceive the current business climate in Australia?

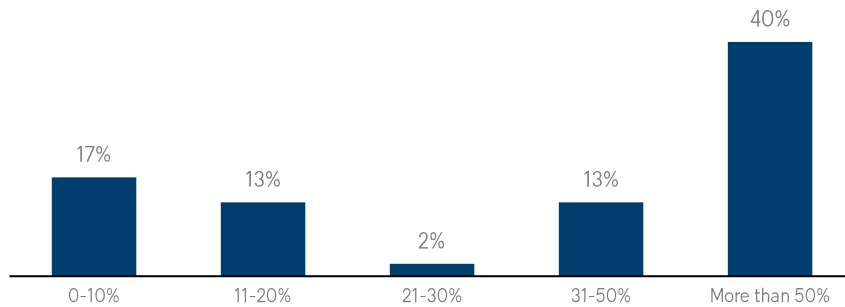


NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 46. "Don't know/Not applicable" responses are included but not shown in figure.
 SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2025 and 2026

Australia as a strategic anchor market in Asia-Pacific

Australia is an important export market for Sweden, ranking as the sixth-largest export market outside Europe, behind the US, China, Canada, Japan, and India. Australia remains a strategically important market for Swedish companies in the Asia-Pacific region, often generating a substantial share of regional revenues. A significant proportion of respondents indicate that Australia accounts for more than half of their APAC turnover, underscoring its role not only as a local market but also as a regional operations base. This reflects Australia's large economic scale, sophisticated customer base, and strong links to Asia, combined with institutional familiarity and relatively low commercial risk. For many Swedish firms, Australia also serves as a testing ground for new technologies and business models before broader regional expansion.

What share of your revenue in the APAC region comes from Australia?



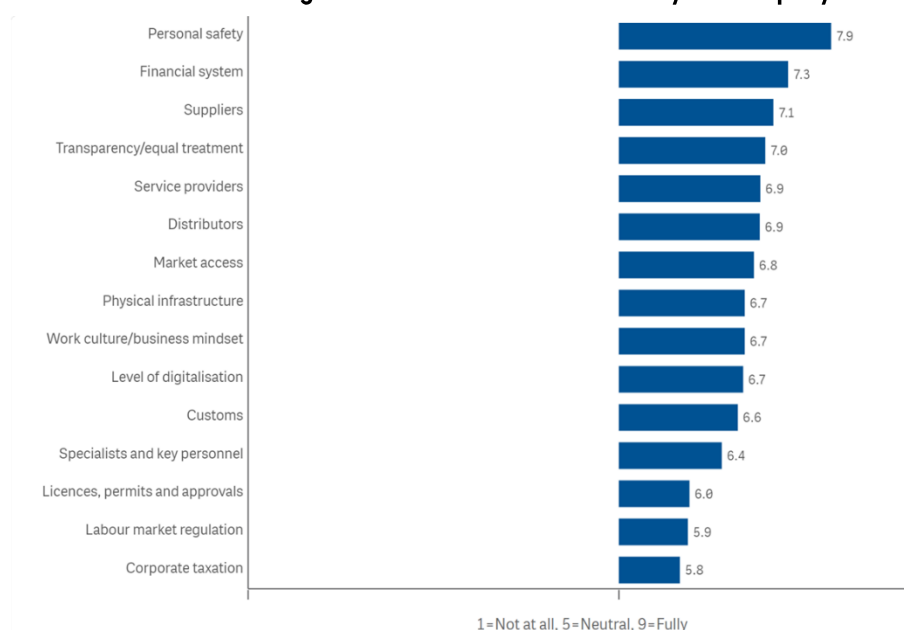
NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 47. "Don't know/Not applicable" responses are included but not shown in figure.
 SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

Institutional quality is a key strength, regulation remains a challenge

Survey respondents express high satisfaction with Australia's institutional fundamentals, including personal safety, the financial system, and supplier reliability. Transparency and equal treatment are also rated positively, reinforcing Australia's reputation as a low-risk and rules-based market.

Conversely, corporate taxation, labour market regulation, and licensing processes receive the lowest satisfaction scores. While these challenges are well known and largely predictable, they can be expensive to manage, particularly for smaller companies and new entrants. The findings suggest that success in Australia depends less on risk mitigation and more on operational adaptation.

How well do the following conditions meet the needs of your company in Australia?



NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 47.
SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

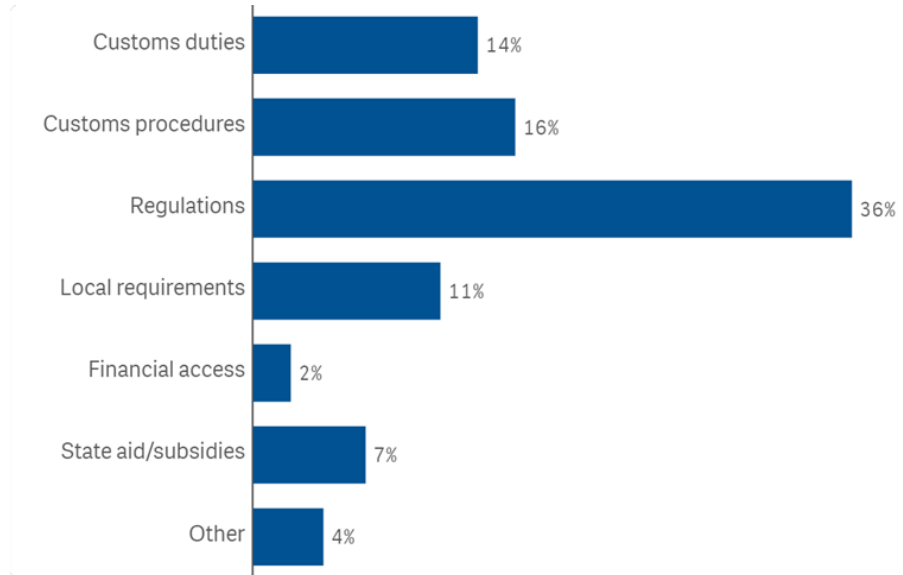
Regulatory and administrative barriers

The survey shows that regulatory requirements are the most commonly cited barriers, reported by more than one-third of respondents, followed by customs procedures and duties. Notably, the recently finalised EU–Australia free trade agreement aims to resolve these barriers. Qualitative responses indicate that these barriers are rarely about market access per se, but rather about complexity, fragmentation, and interpretation. Several companies highlight differences in rules, standards, and approval processes across states and territories, creating duplication of effort and uncertainty when scaling operations nationally. Others point to inconsistent interpretation by authorities, particularly in customs and biosecurity, where similar products may be treated differently depending on classification or point of entry, resulting in delays, additional costs, and operational disruption.

For companies importing industrial, medical, or technology-intensive products, these challenges are compounded by technical compliance requirements (including electrical, communications, and safety standards), biosecurity inspections, and accumulated border and processing charges, which increase the total cost of landed shipments and extend lead times. Several respondents also point to duty exposure on EU-origin products, noting that, at the time of the survey, the absence of an EU–Australia free trade agreement influenced sourcing decisions and, in some cases, placed European suppliers at a disadvantage relative to lower-cost Asian competitors. Again, the EU and Australia have since finalised (not yet in force, needs to be ratified) a free trade agreement; however, the survey was conducted prior to this announcement, and responses therefore reflect conditions and expectations at that time.

In highly regulated sectors, companies describe state-specific policies and the lack of nationally harmonised frameworks as creating uncertainty and slowing the adoption of innovative and sustainable solutions. Taken together, the findings suggest that while Australia is viewed as a transparent and rule-based market, greater regulatory harmonisation, clearer guidance and improved customs facilitation would materially reduce operational friction and support more efficient scaling for Swedish companies.

Has your company in the past year encountered trade barriers in Australia with a noticeably negative impact on operations, in any of the following areas?



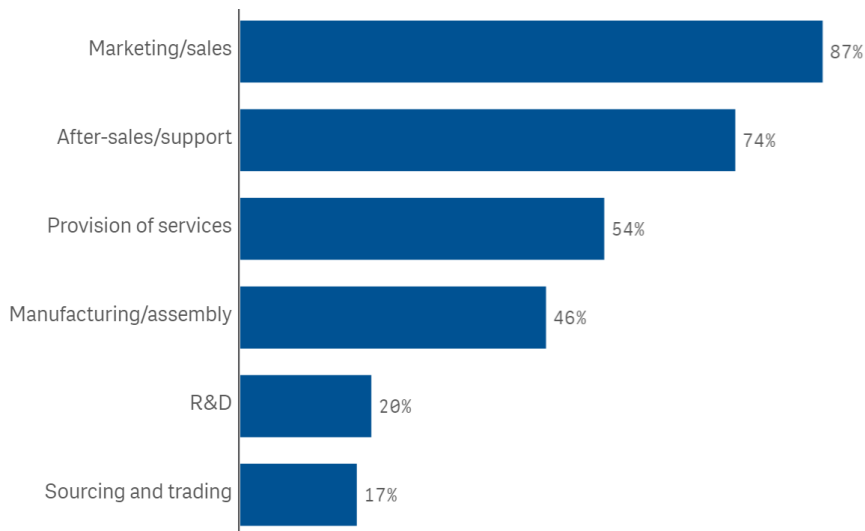
NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 47.
SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

How Swedish companies succeed in Australia

Local presence and customer proximity are decisive

Swedish companies in Australia predominantly focus on sales, marketing and after-sales support, reflecting the importance of proximity to customers in a geographically large and decentralised market. The strong emphasis on service provision underlines customer expectations for responsive support, local expertise and long-term engagement. While manufacturing and R&D activities are less common, they play a strategic role in select cases, particularly where lead-time reduction, customisation or regulatory compliance is critical.

Operations of Swedish firms in the market



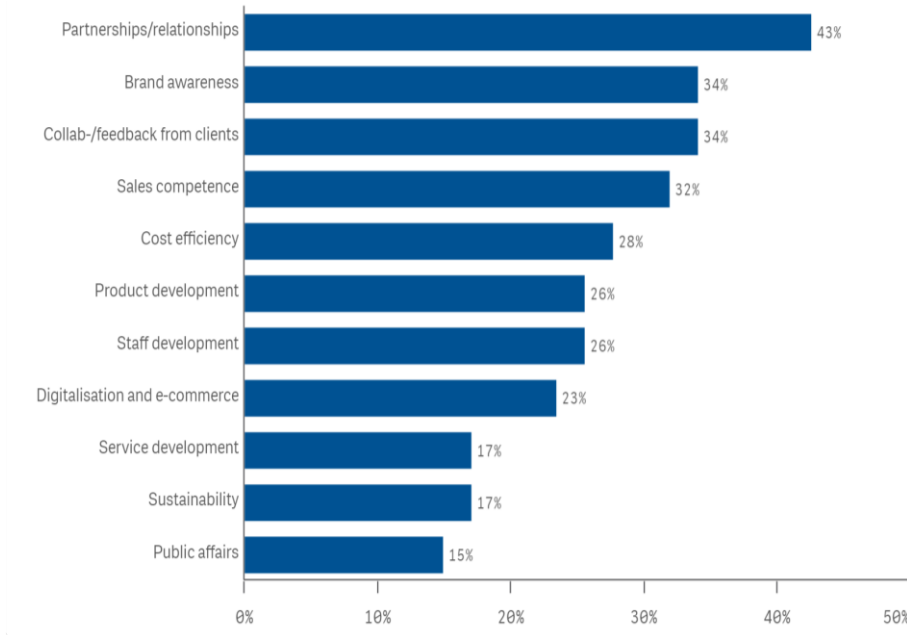
NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 47.
SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

Relationships and brand drive competitiveness, with the Swedish brand being a great asset

Partnerships and local relationships are the most important factors in maintaining competitiveness, followed by brand awareness and close client collaboration. This reflects Australia's business culture, which values trust, long-term relationships and proven performance. The Swedish brand continues to play a supportive role, particularly when combined with strong local execution. Rather than acting as a standalone differentiator, the Swedish brand is most effective when reinforcing concrete value propositions around quality, sustainability, safety and innovation.

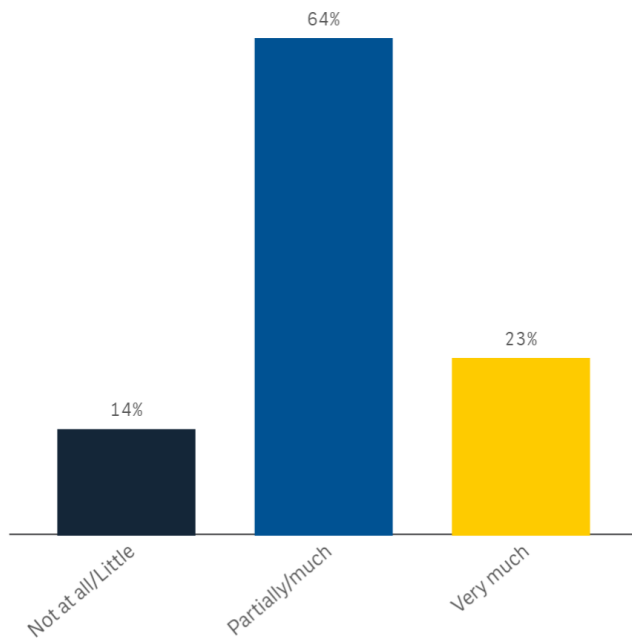
The majority of respondents report that the Swedish brand has a positive impact on their business operations in Australia. Significantly, none of the participants selected "Not at all" regarding the extent of the Swedish brand's contribution to business in Australia.

To date, which of the following areas have been important in maintaining competitiveness in Australia?



NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 47.
SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

To what extent would you estimate that the “Swedish brand” contributes to your business in Australia?



NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 44. “Don’t know/Not applicable” responses are included but not shown in figure.
SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

Acting sustainably

Sustainability is an increasing factor in customer decision-making

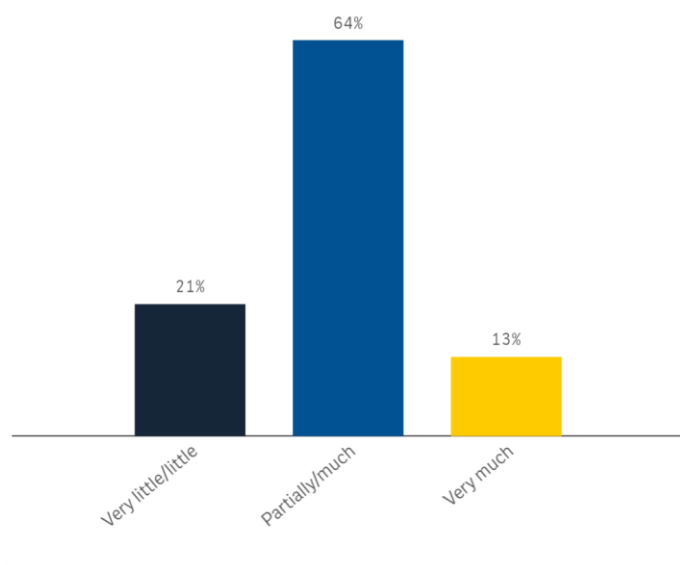
Environmental considerations are becoming an increasingly important factor in customer purchasing decisions in Australia. A majority of respondents, 64 per cent, report that environmental aspects are considered “partially” or “much”, while a further 13 per cent indicate that they are considered “very much”. At the same time, 21 per cent perceive sustainability to have little or no impact on customer decision-making, suggesting that while sustainability is gaining traction, it is not yet a universal priority.

Survey responses reinforce this picture of a market in transition. Several respondents highlight that sustainability is increasingly a “must not fail” requirement, particularly in larger tenders and among major customers. However, it is often secondary to more immediate considerations such as cost, performance, delivery certainty, and total cost of ownership. In practice, this means that while environmental credentials are expected, they are not always decisive in final purchasing decisions.

In a regional context, Australia stands out as a relatively mature market in terms of sustainability awareness. Compared to many APAC peers, a larger share of respondents report that sustainability is considered to a meaningful extent, while fewer indicate it is not considered at all. However, the share of respondents stating that sustainability is considered “very much” remains moderate, suggesting that Australia is ahead in adoption but still in a phase where environmental considerations are being integrated alongside, rather than replacing, traditional commercial drivers.

Overall, the findings indicate that sustainability is becoming an embedded expectation in the Australian market, but that cost pressures, regulatory complexity, and limited supporting infrastructure continue to influence the extent to which it impacts purchasing decisions in practice.

To what extent do customers in your industry in Australia consider environmental aspects of a product or service in their purchasing decision?



NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 47.
SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

Australia offers a transparent and low-risk business environment

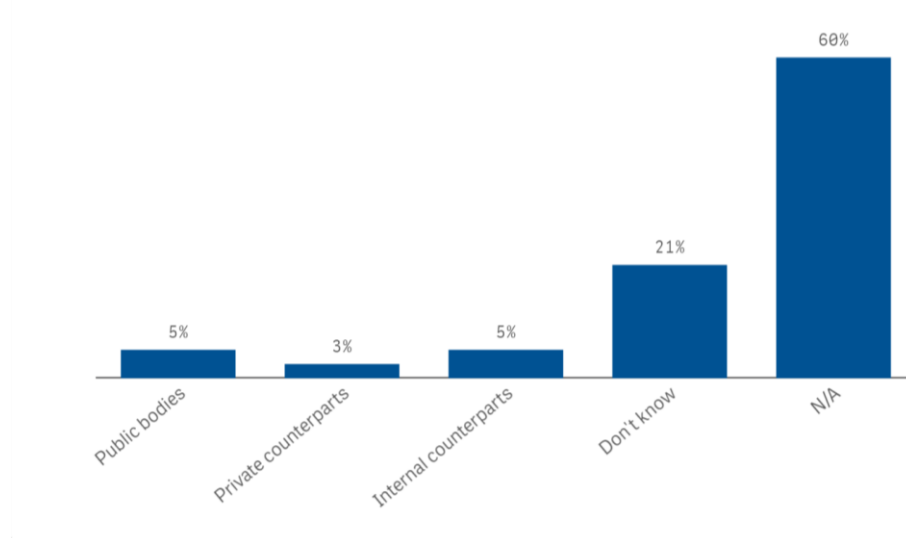
The survey results indicate that Swedish companies in Australia operate in a business environment characterised by a high degree of transparency and low exposure to corruption. A clear majority of respondents (60 per cent) report that corruption-related issues are not applicable to their operations, while only a small share indicates exposure across public bodies (5 per cent), private counterparts (3 per cent), or internal counterparts (5 per cent). This suggests that corruption is not perceived as a material risk for most Swedish companies operating in the Australian market.

This perception is further supported by international benchmarks. Australia scores 76 out of 100 in the 2025 Corruption Perceptions Index and ranks 12th globally, reinforcing its position as a transparent and well-functioning business environment with strong institutional integrity.

Similarly, the risk of human rights violations and labour rights abuse is perceived to be very low. The majority of respondents (66 per cent) indicate that such issues are not applicable to their operations, while only a very small share (3 per cent) reports exposure within supply chains, and none report issues related to partners, collaborators, or customers.

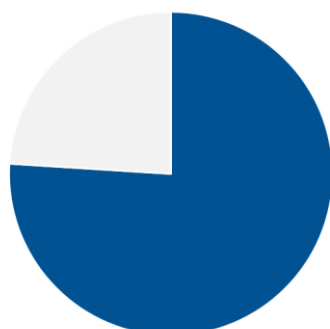
Overall, the findings highlight that Australia offers a stable and low-risk operating environment from both a governance and compliance perspective, providing a solid foundation for Swedish companies to conduct business with confidence.

In the past year, has your company in Australia been exposed to corruption such as, but not limited to, attempts of bribery or fraud in contacts with any of the following areas?



NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 47.
 SOURCE: Business Climate Survey for Swedish Companies in Australia 2026

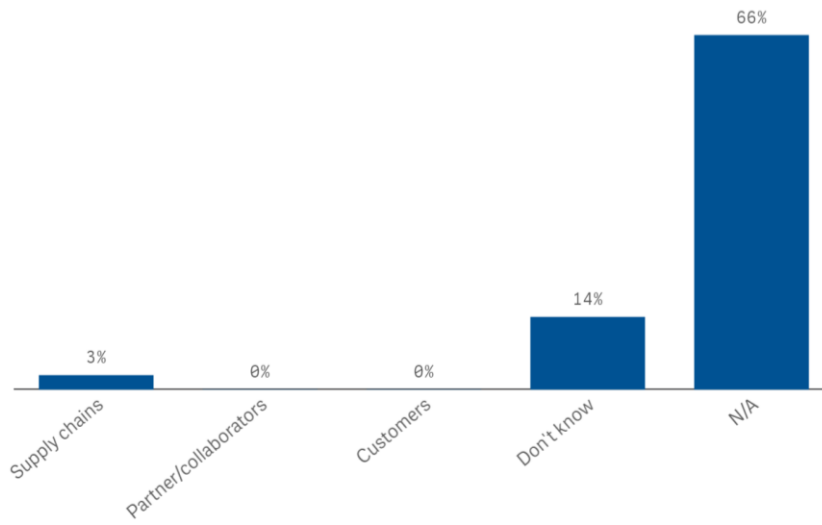
Corruption perception index 2025



76/100
 Ranked 12th globally

SOURCE: Transparency International

In the past year, has your company in Australia encountered any form of human rights violations and/or labour rights abuse in any of the following areas?



NOTE: The number of respondents for this question was 47.
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